## AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 26, 2009 AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 16, 2009 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 6, 2009

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2009-10 REGULAR SESSION

## ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 226

## Introduced by Assembly Member Ruskin (Coauthor: Assembly Member Saldana)

February 4, 2009

An act to amend Section 30823 of, and to add Section 30821 to, the Public Resources Code, relating to coastal resources.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 226, as amended, Ruskin. Coastal resources: California Coastal Act of 1976: enforcement.

(1) The California Coastal Act of 1976 requires a person undertaking development in the coastal zone to obtain a coastal development permit in accordance with prescribed procedures. Existing law authorizes the superior court to impose civil liability on a person who performs or undertakes development that is in violation of the act or that is inconsistent with a previously issued coastal development permit, and on a person who violates the act in any other manner and authorizes a person to maintain an action for recovery of these civil penalties.

This bill would provide that a person who violates the act is subject to an administrative civil penalty that may be imposed by the California Coastal Commission by a majority vote of the commissioners, upon consideration of various factors, in a public hearing in an amount no less than \$5,000 and no more than \$50,000 for each violation.

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This bill would provide that a person, as defined, shall not be subject to both monetary civil liability imposed by the commission and monetary civil liability imposed by the superior court for the same act or failure to act. In the event that a person who is assessed a penalty by the commission fails to pay the penalty, fails to comply with a restoration or cease and desist order, or challenges any of these actions in a court of law, the commission may maintain an action or otherwise engage in judicial proceedings to enforce those requirements and the court may grant any relief, as specified. This bill would also allow the commission to—file record a lien on the property of a violator in the amount of the penalty assessed by the commission if the violator fails to pay the fine.

(2) The act also requires that all funds derived from the payment of a penalty are to be deposited into the Violation Remediation Account of the Coastal Conservancy Fund, until appropriated by the Legislature, for purposes of carrying out the act.

This bill would instead require that all penalties derived from the payment of a penalty be deposited into the Coastal Act Services Fund, until appropriated by the Legislature, for the purposes of carrying out the act.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- SECTION 1. Section 30821 is added to the Public Resources Code, to read:
- 3 30821. (a) In addition to any other penalties imposed pursuant to this division, a person, including a landowner, who is in violation of a provision of this division is subject to an administrative civil penalty that may be imposed by the commission in an amount not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and not to exceed fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for each violation.
  - (b) All penalties imposed pursuant to subdivision (a) shall be imposed by majority vote of the commissioners present in a duly noticed public hearing.

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- (c) In determining the amount of civil liability, the commission shall take into account the factors set forth in subdivision (c) of Section 30820.
- 15 (d) A person shall not be subject to both monetary civil liability 16 imposed under this section and monetary civil liability imposed

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by the superior court for the same act or failure to act. In the event that a person who is assessed a penalty under this section fails to pay the administrative penalty, otherwise fails to comply with a restoration or cease and desist order issued by the commission in connection with the penalty action, or challenges any of these actions by the commission in a court of law, the commission may maintain an action or otherwise engage in judicial proceedings to enforce those requirements and the court may grant any relief as provided under this chapter.

- (e) Failure to pay the fine imposed by the commission shall allow the commission to—file record a lien on the property in the amount of the penalty assessed by the commission. This lien shall have the force, effect, and priority of a judgment lien.
- (f) In enacting this section, it is not the intent of the Legislature that unintentional, minor violations that only cause de minimis harm should lead to civil penalties, if the violator has acted expeditiously to correct the violation consistent with this act.
- (g) "Person," for the purpose of this section, does not include local governments, special districts, or agencies thereof when acting in their legislative or adjudicative capacities.
- SEC. 2. Section 30823 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:
- 30823. All funds derived under this article shall be deposited in the Coastal Act Services Fund, established pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 30620.1, until appropriated by the Legislature, for the purpose of carrying out this division.